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Development and Integration of an Optical and Thermal
Model for Cavity-Type Central Receivers for Solar
Advisor Model Software



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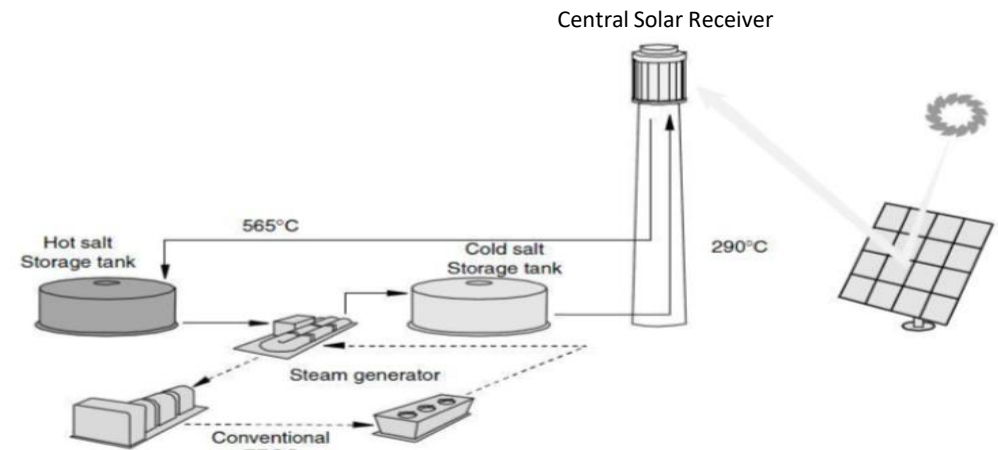
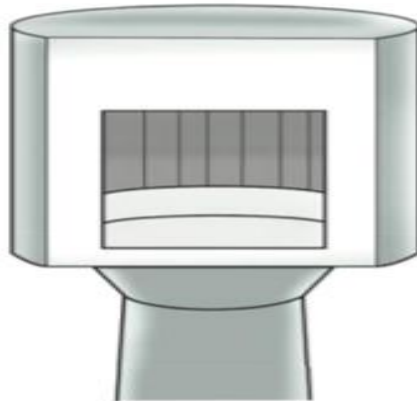
Background

- Central Solar Power (CSP) systems concentrate thermal radiation from a heliostat field on to a centralized receiver that in turn transfers the thermal energy to a heat transfer fluid.
- Software that examines the performance of CSP systems currently only supports external cylindrical receivers but, can be developed to include cavity type receivers which will provide industry and outside researchers the ability to determine the impacts of different cavity-type based designs.

External Cylindrical Central Receiver



Cavity-Type Central Receiver



C. Ho. Review of high-temperature central receiver designs for concentrating solar power (2013).

Romero-Alvarez & Zarza. Scheme of a Central Receiver System (CRS) using molten salt as the working fluid (2007).

Objectives

- Develop methodology to compute the flux through the aperture of a cavity receiver using the National Renewable Energy Lab's (NREL) current flat plate flux model.
- Integrate existing code developed by the University of Wisconsin – Madison's Solar Energy Lab for “baseline” cavity-type central receivers into the Solar Advisor Model's (SAM) molten salt power technology model.
- Develop optical and thermal loss model for complex cavity-receiver design(s) for incorporation into SAM software.

